



NOAA Technology Demonstration - USS Bass

<https://oceanexplorer.noaa.gov/technology/development-partnerships/ex1904/logs/welcome.html>



In Situ Array Calibration for Synthetic Aperture Sonar

Jeremy Dillon and Shannon-Morgan Steele

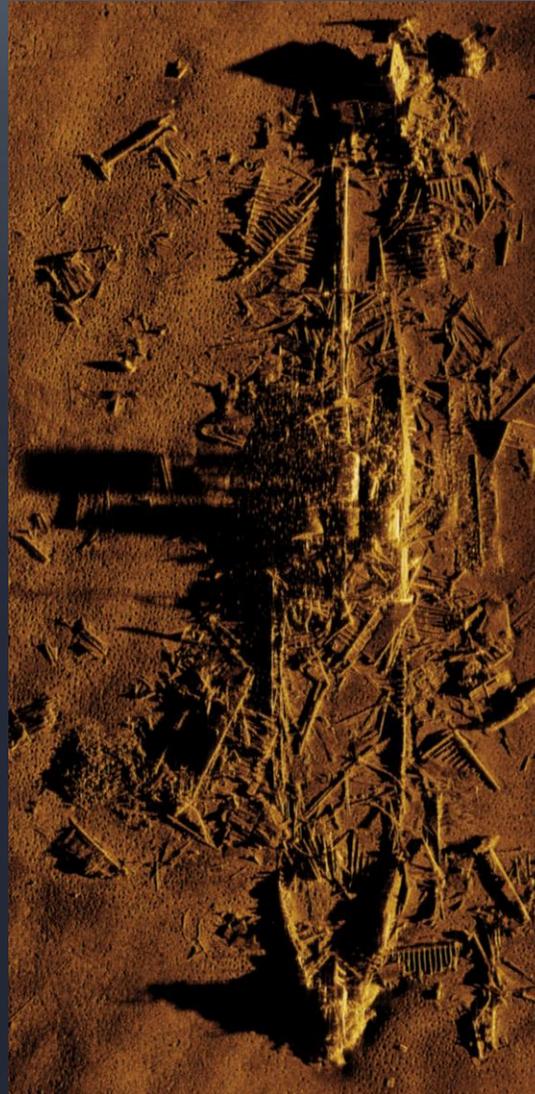
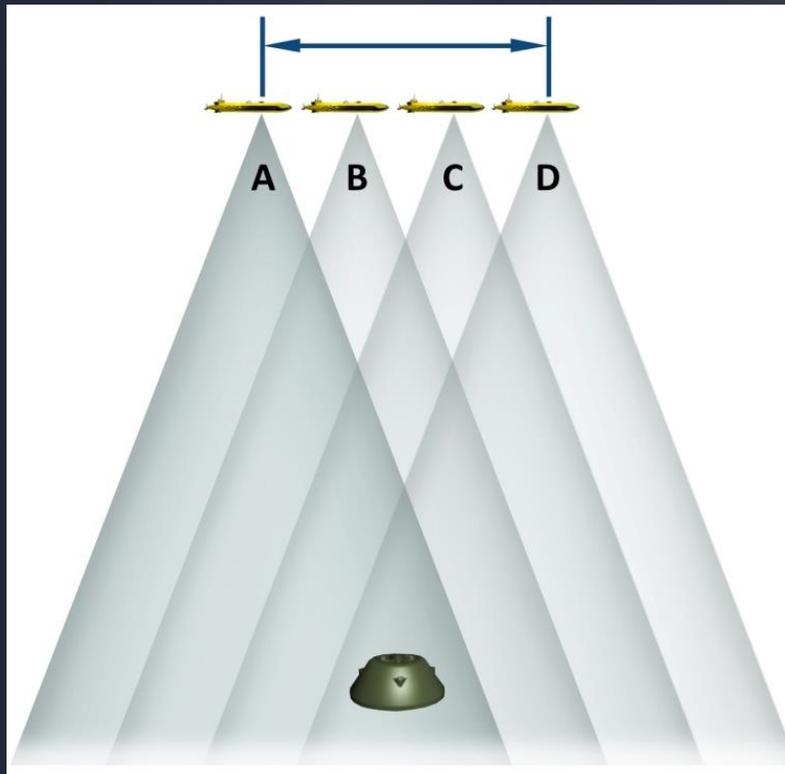
IEEE/MTS Global OCEANS 2020 Conference

Outline

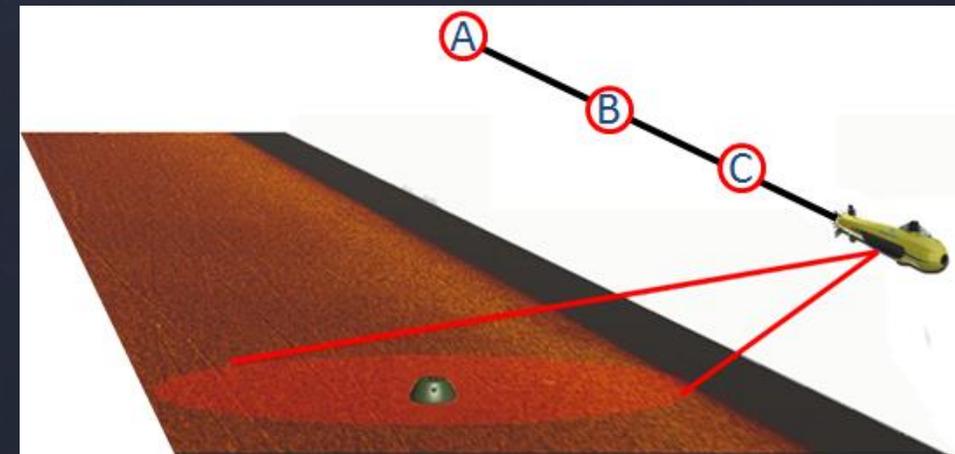
- SAS Technology
- Amplitude Calibration
- Phase Calibration
- Results (Data and Simulation)

Synthetic Aperture Sonar Technology

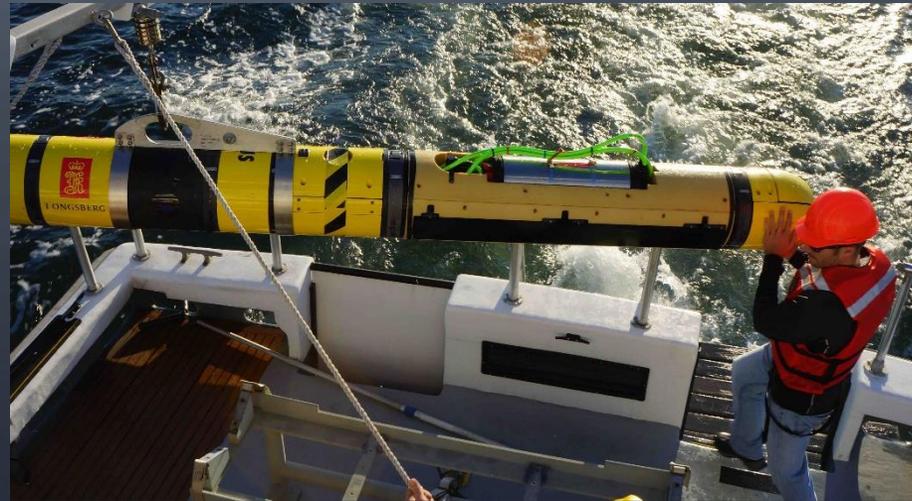
Produces a synthetic aperture
proportional to the platform
distance traveled



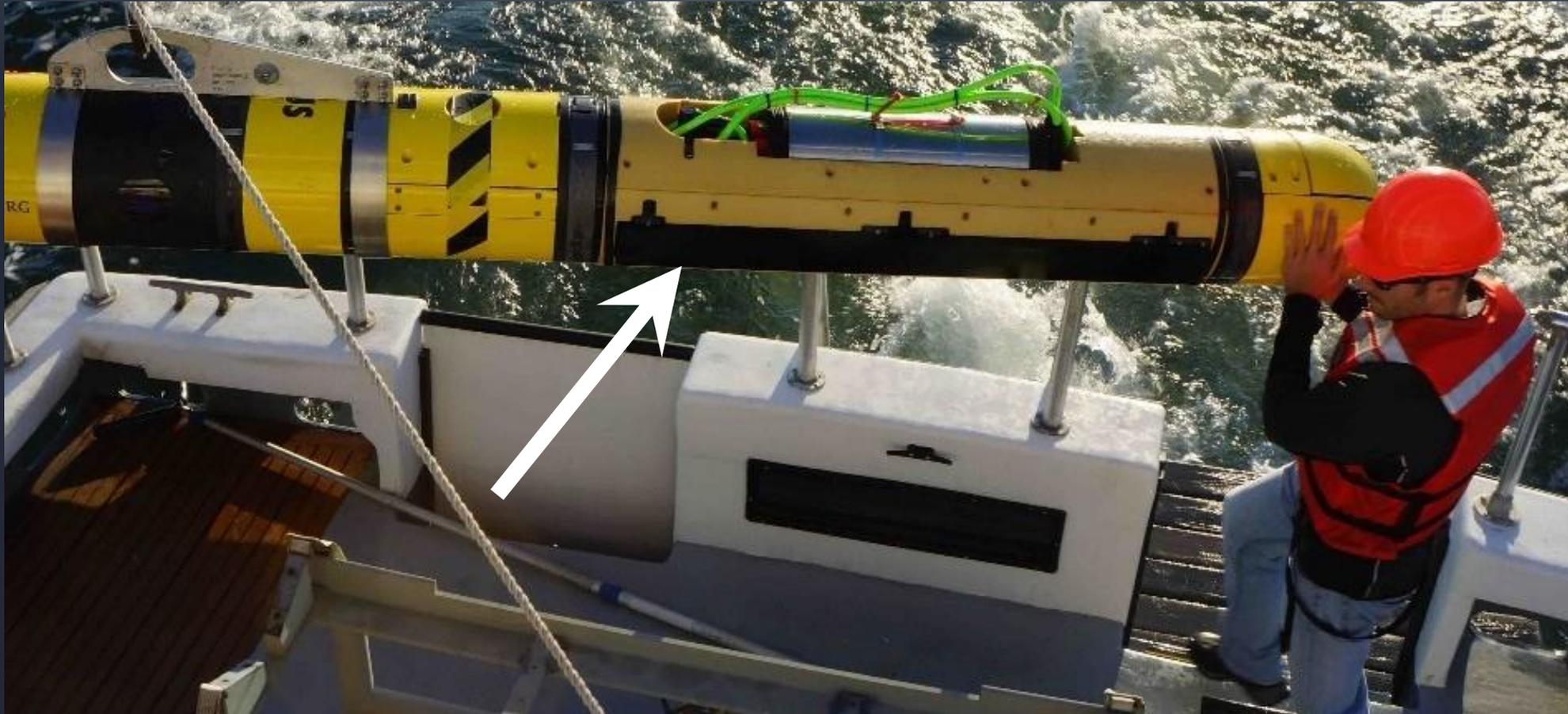
SAS coherently combines
acoustic pings to create
ultra-high resolution
images



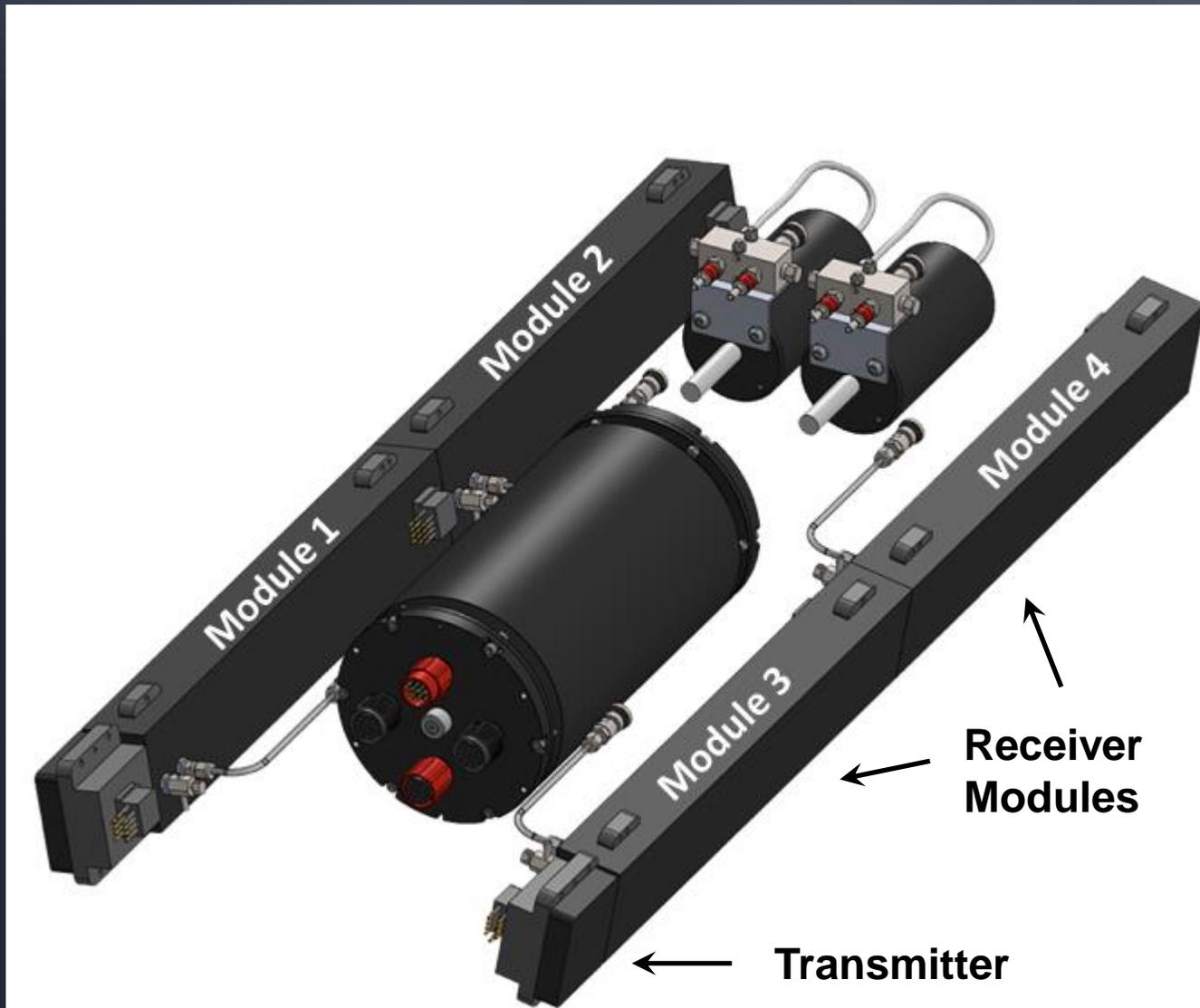
Example AquaPix® Installations



MINSAS Modular Receiver Array



MINSAS 120 Configuration



Area Coverage Rate vs. Array Length

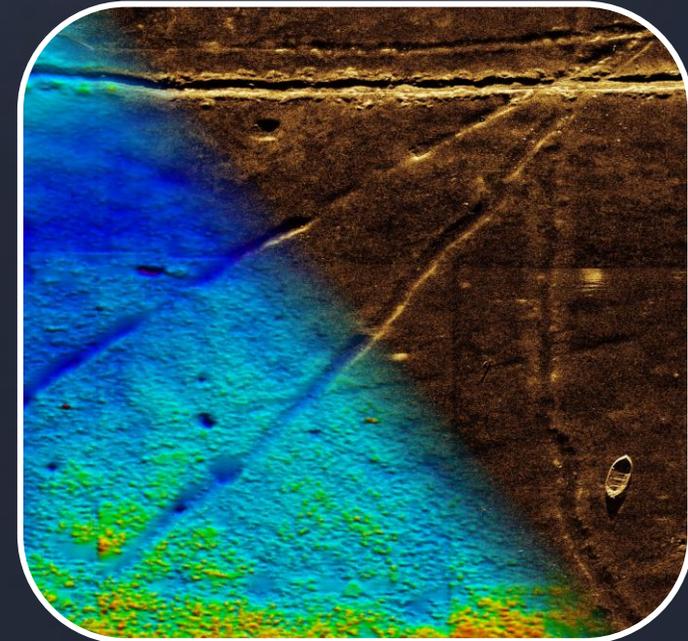
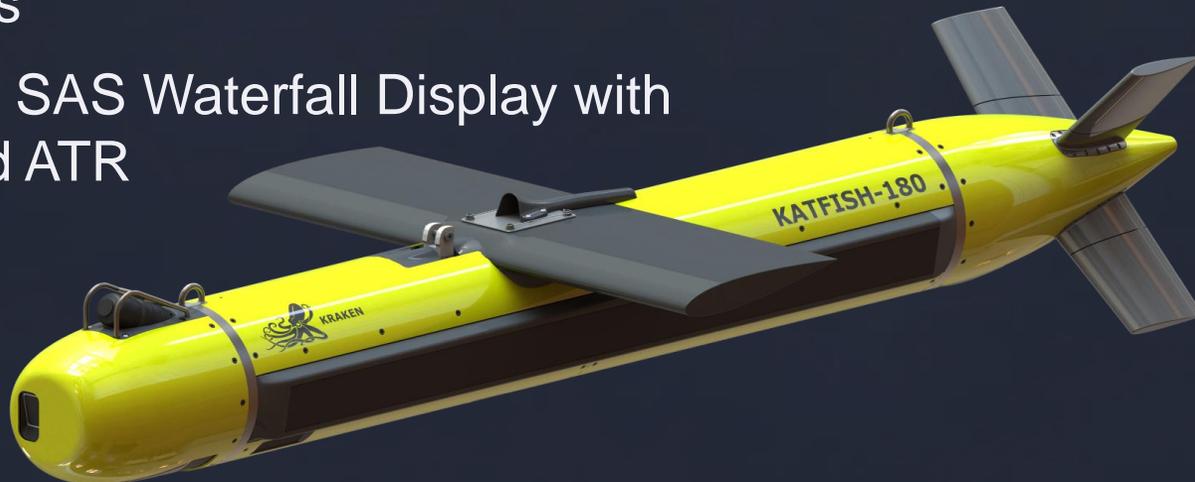
Modules per side	ACR (km ² /h)
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4

Receiver array is spatially oversampled by 50%

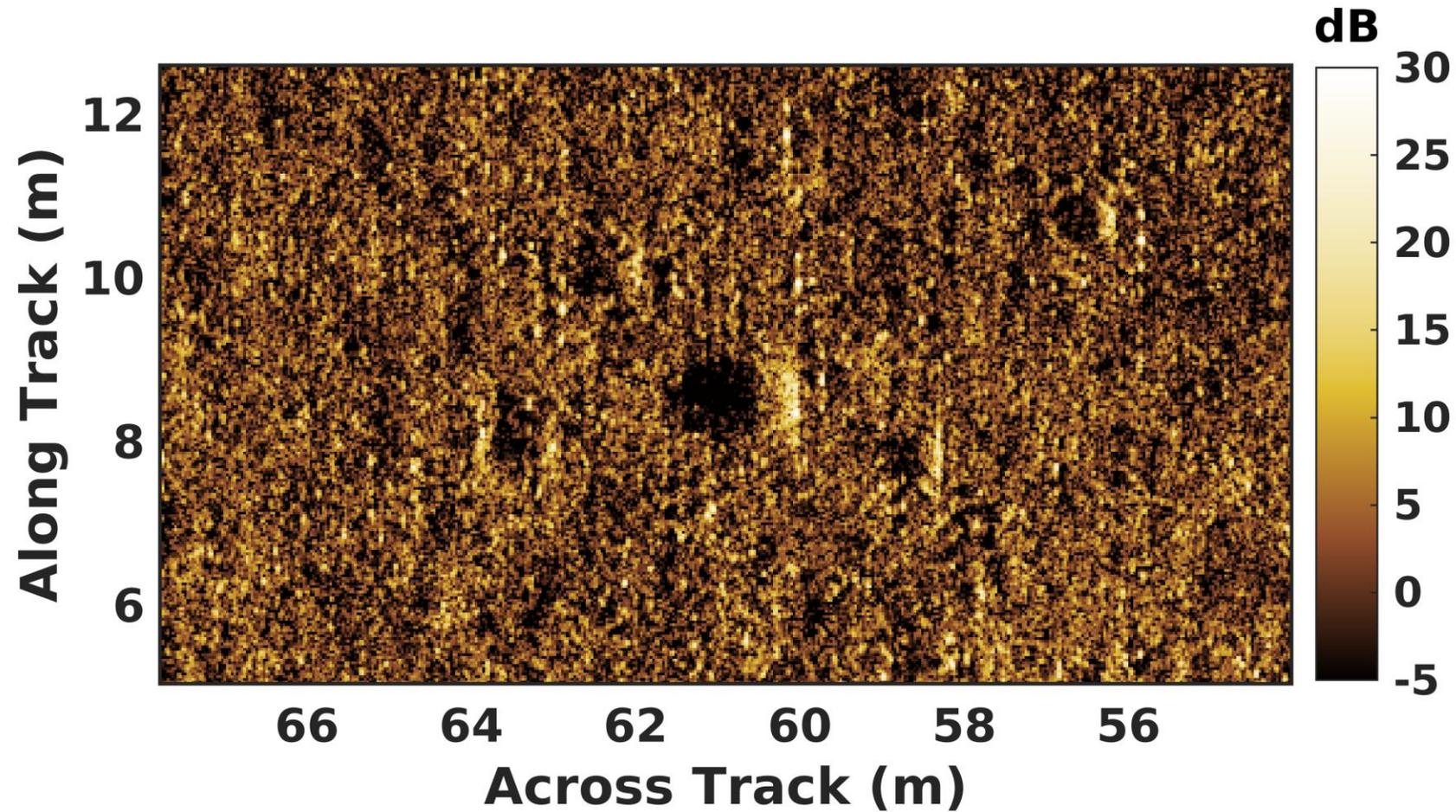
KATFISH™ – High Speed SAS Towfish

Commercial & Military Certified Versions

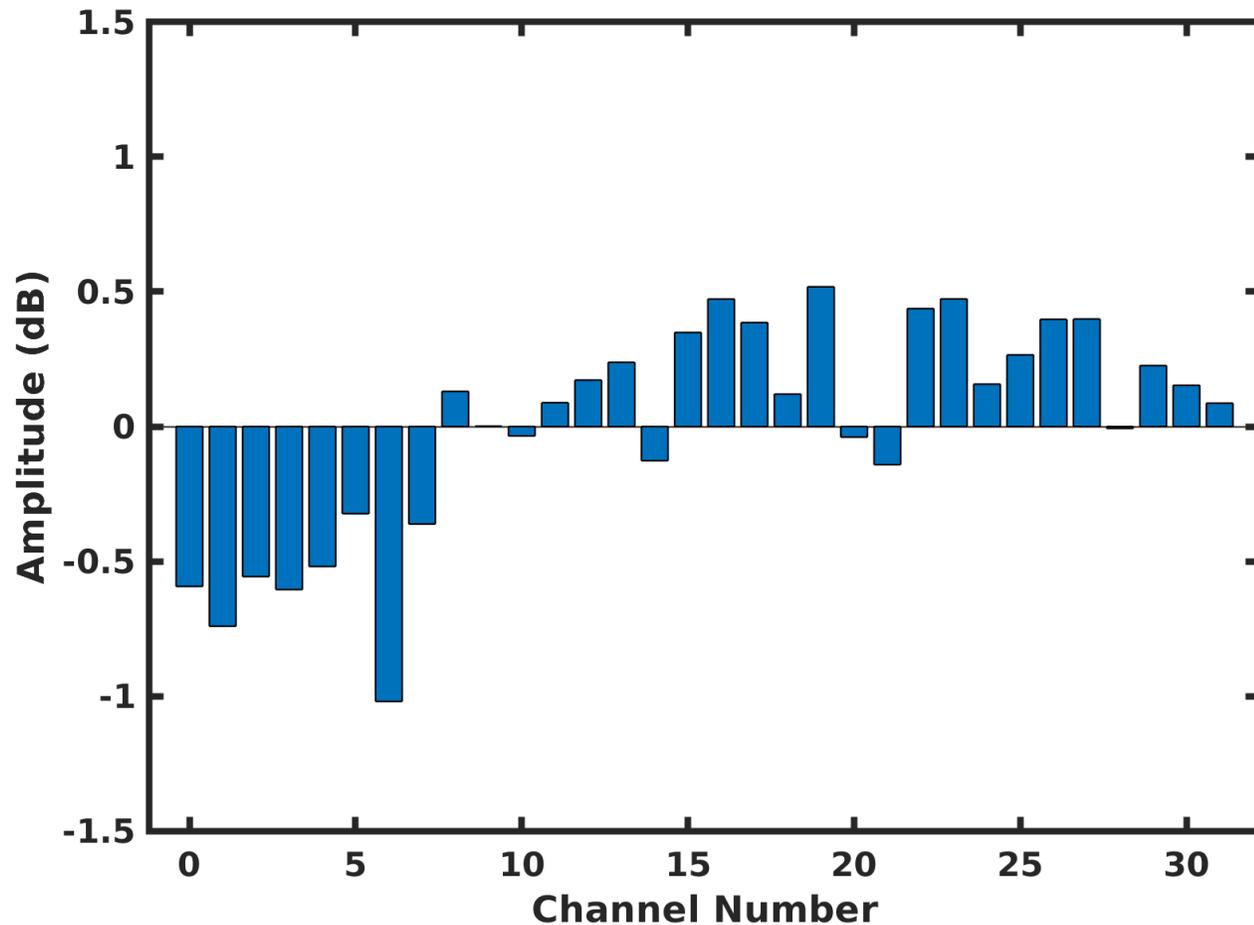
- Very High Resolution and ACR
3.0 x 3.3 cm / 1.9 cm x 2.1 cm
@ up to 4 km² / h with nadir gap fill
- Advanced Obstacle Avoidance and
Terrain Following
- Designed for USVs and Remote
Operations
- Real Time SAS Waterfall Display with
embedded ATR



Port SAS Image Before Calibration



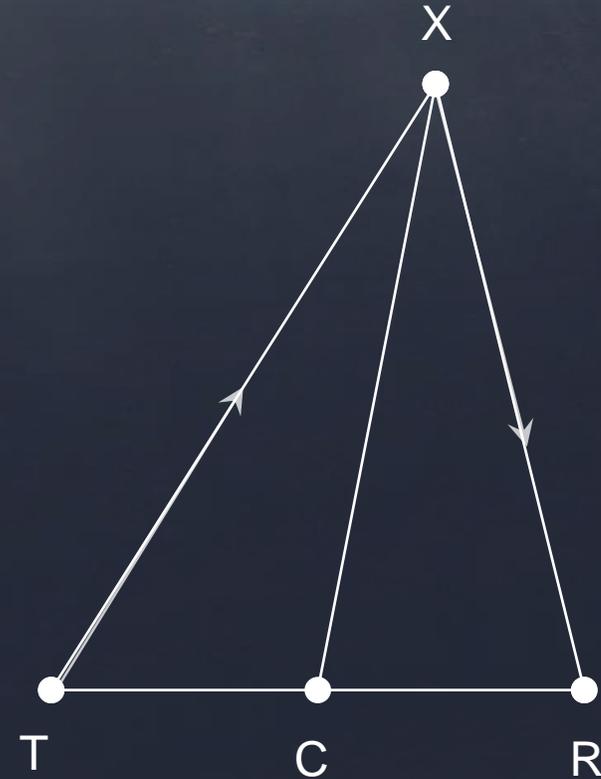
Amplitude Calibration



- Equalize signal levels from seabed backscatter
- No significant differences between channels
- Amplitude calibration did not fix grating lobes

Data Compensation

- Phase center approximation
- Motion compensation
- Interferometry to estimate angle-of-arrival
- Rotation is projected normal to slant range plane



Phase Calibration

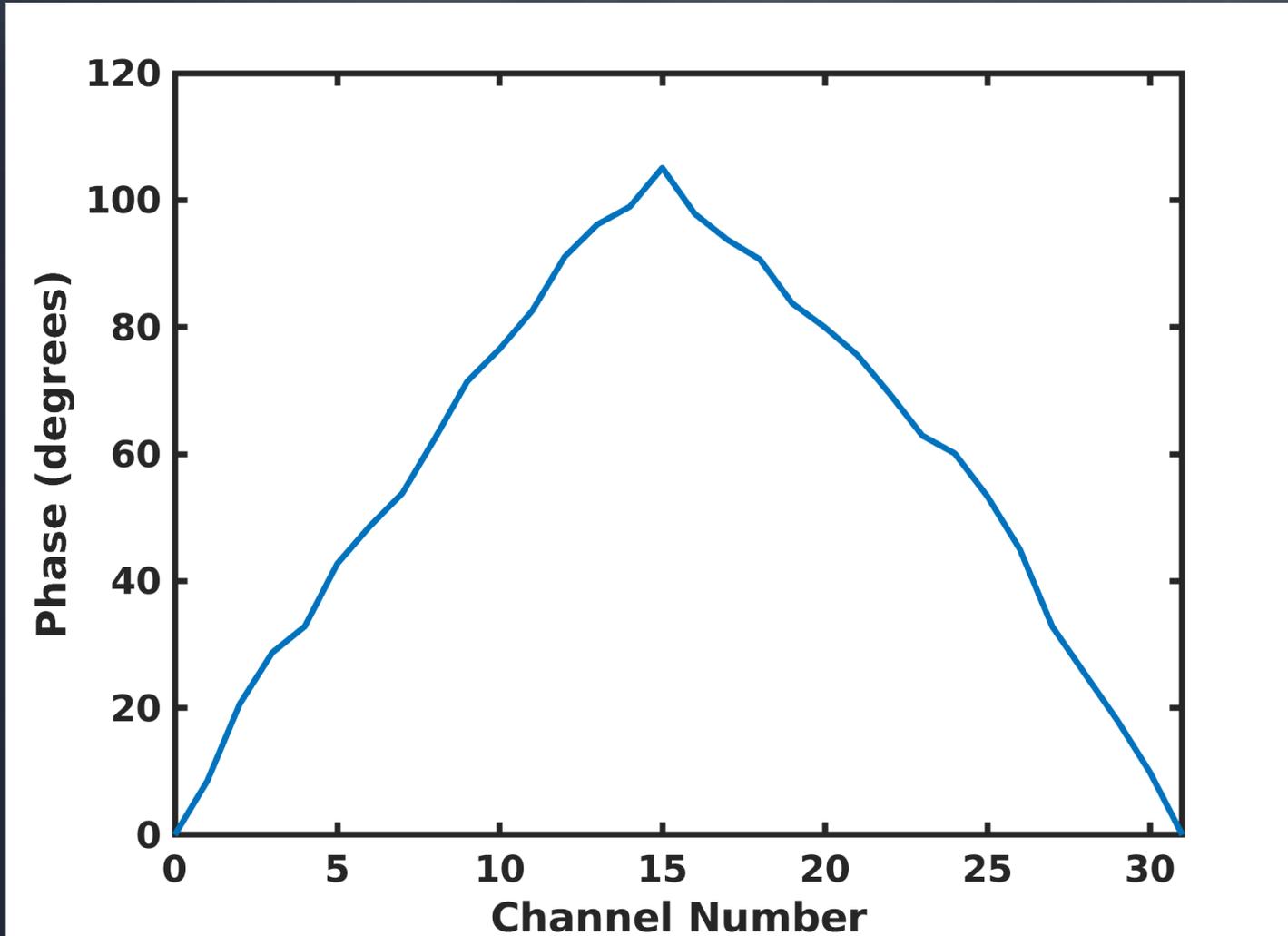
- Adjacent channels are partially correlated
- Estimate channel-to-channel phase difference
- Correct for wavefront curvature
- Integrate phase differences along the array

Receiver



Range

Phase Calibration



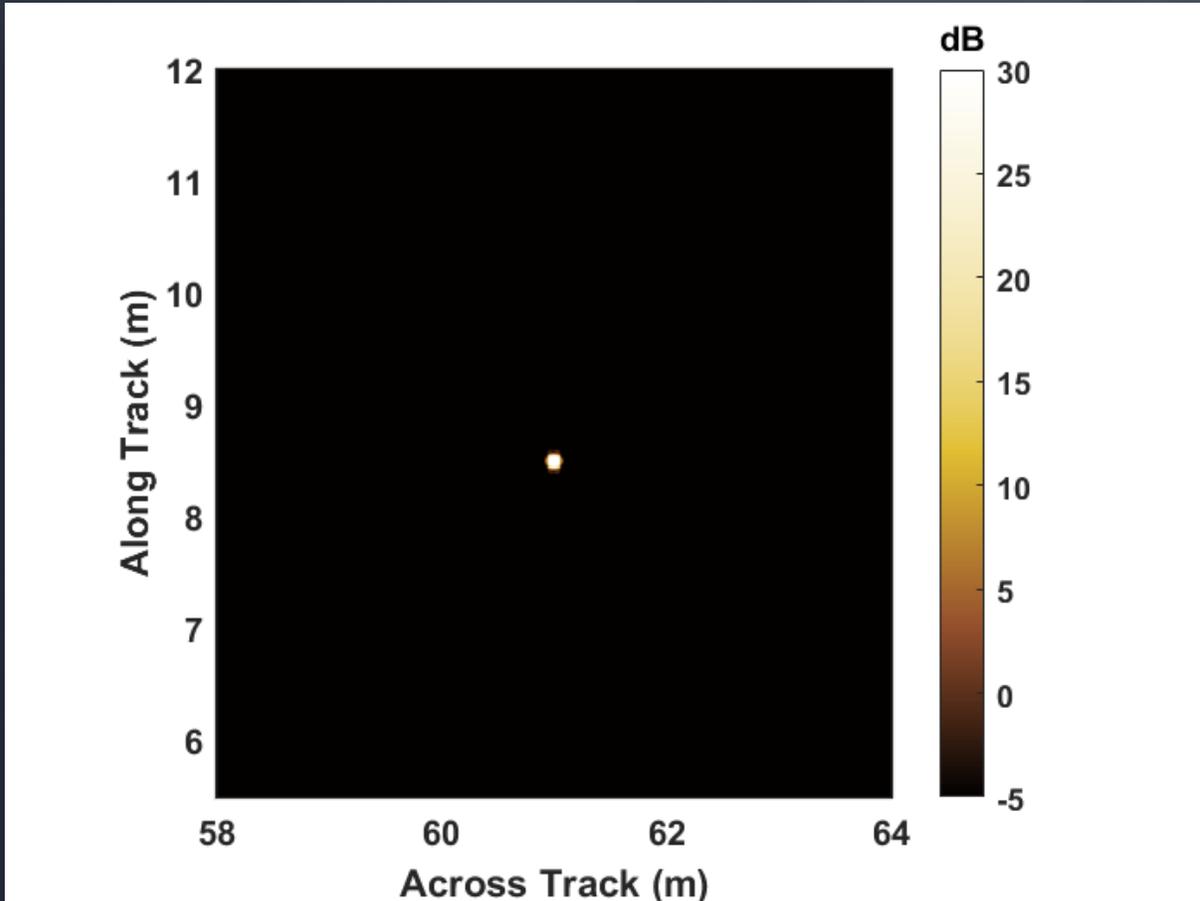
- Positive phase is an inward deflection
- Maximum deflection is 1.3 mm
- Linear slope is a rotation of the module by 1.4°

Installation Offset

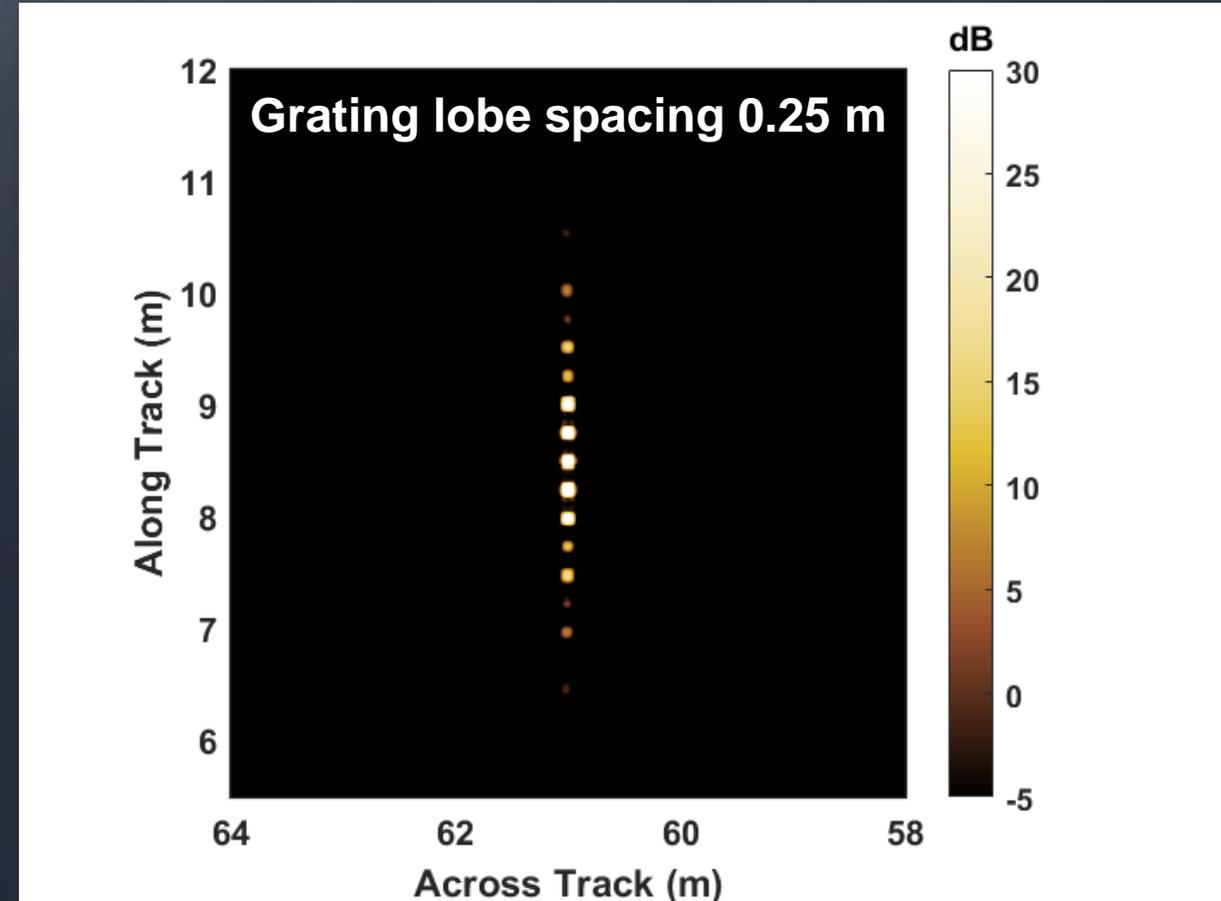


- Modules are normally mounted on a rigid plate
- Small depression in port side cavity
- Undetected at the time of installation

Simulated MINSAS Impulse Response

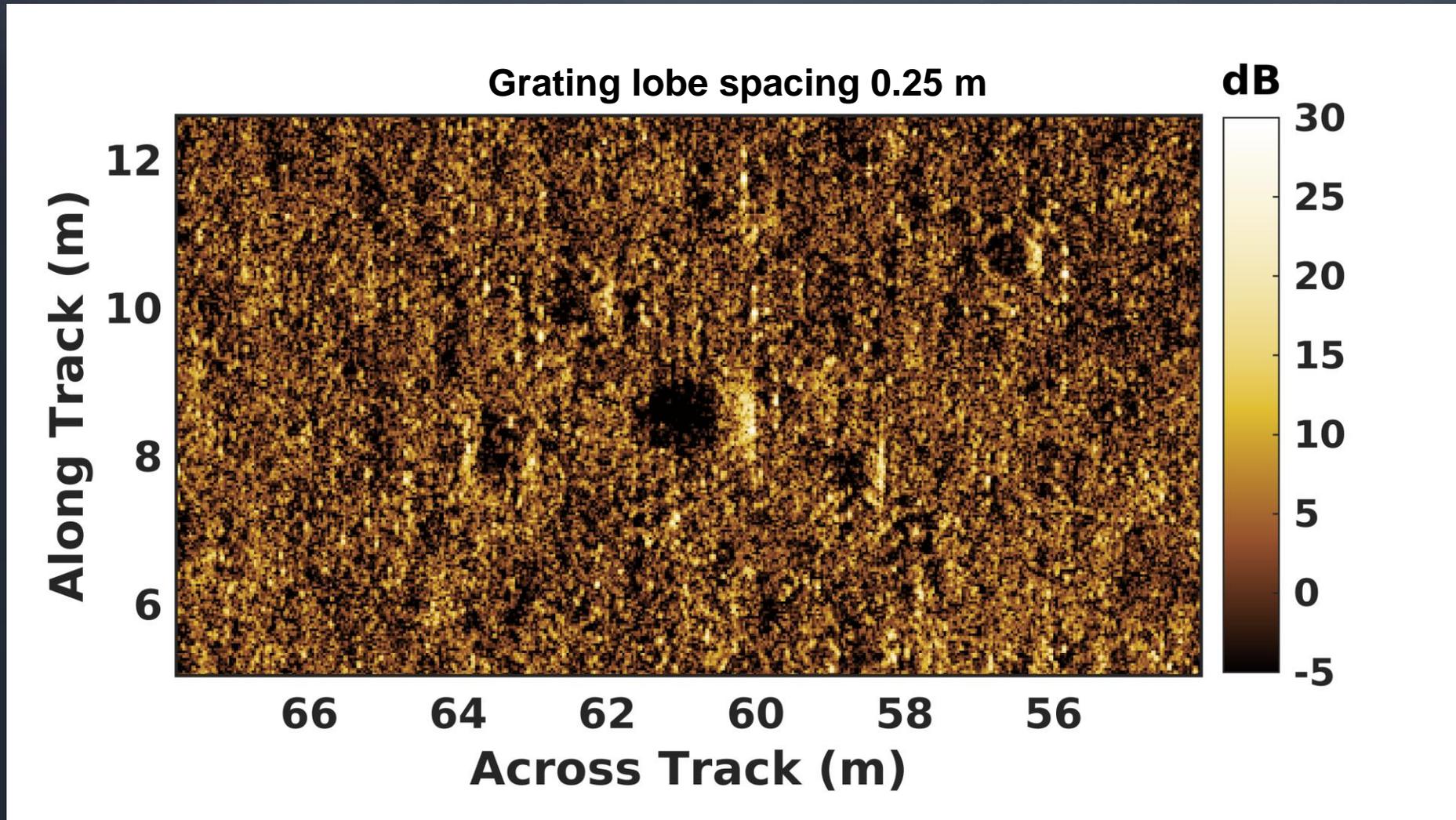


No Phase Error

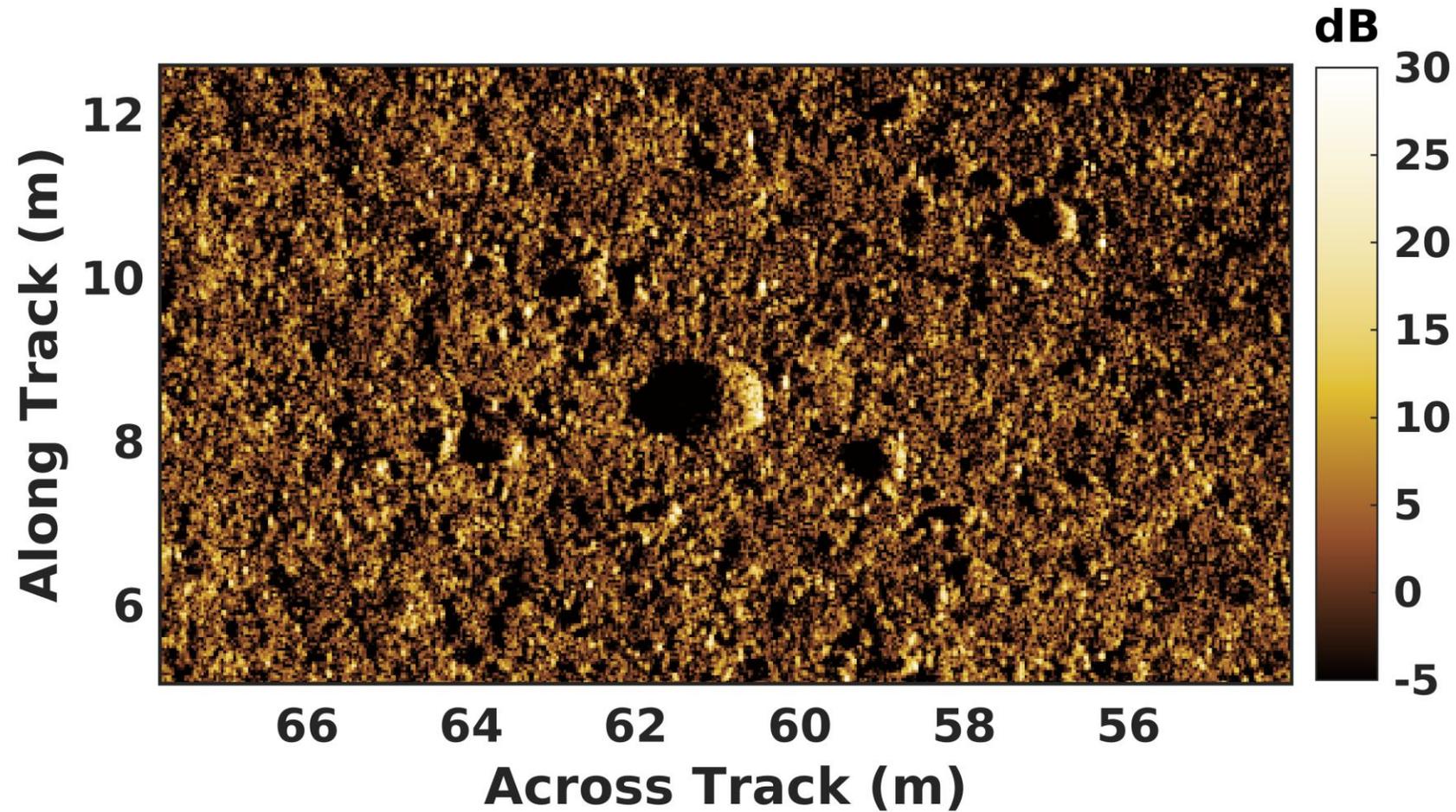


Triangular Phase Error (105° peak)

Port SAS Image Before Calibration



Port SAS Image After Calibration



Conclusion

- Array is calibrated as installed on AUV
- Amplitude calibration from channel equalization
- Phase calibration from backscatter correlation
- Can be applied in post-processing or real-time
- Applicable to any SAS with an oversampled receiver array

Thank You!

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